#### 2024 ANNUAL

## WATER QUALITY REPORT

FOR CUSTOMERS OF THE CITY OF ASOTIN, WASHINGTON — MAY 2025

## **DEVOTED TO WATER QUALITY**



The CITY OF ASOTIN is pleased to report that your drinking water safely complies with state and federal drinking water quality standards. This report summarizes the key findings of the City's water quality testing program and illustrates the City's commitment to a clean, safe and reliable supply of drinking water.

All information contained in this report has been collected and reported in accordance with water quality standards established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Washington State Department of Health (DOH). The report provides you with details about where your water comes from, what's in it, and how safe it is for your consumption.

# WATER QUALITY SAMPLING AND TESTING

At the City, ensuring the safety of your water is one of the most important things we do. The City collects water samples monthly for bacteriological testing from various points throughout the water system. The number of samples taken depends on the size of the population served by the water system. Bacteria are microbial substances that are naturally present in the environment and those produced by humans and animals. All of the bacteriological water samples taken in 2024 met state and federal drinking water standards.

In addition, state and federal regulatory agencies require testing for inorganic minerals, disinfection by products and man-made compounds such as pesticides and petroleum additives. All samples collected are submitted to Washington State certified independent laboratories for analysis. Of the multitude of state and federal regulated water quality contaminants tested over the past few years, only a few showed detectable levels and each was below the EPA mandated Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL). (see table inside)





### WHERE DOES YOUR WATER COME FROM?

The City relies on ground-water from the Lewiston Basin Aquifer to supply water to your home. This deep aquifer spans the Lewiston-Clarkston valley forming at the Craig and Blue Mountains extending to the base of the Lewiston-Clarkston hill and east to west from Lapwai, Idaho to the base of Alpowa Grade located in Asotin County, Washington.

Water is pumped from the aquifer by City wells into miles of distribution line and delivered to your home ready for your use.

This on-demand system operates based upon the level of two water storage reservoirs.

When a reservoir reaches a certain level, the automated control system tells the pumps to run and water begins to flow.

When water is pumped from the aquifer by a City well, chlorine is added as a disinfectant to ensure that the water is free of harmful microorganisms.

In 1989, the Asotin County Public Utility District (PUD) was instrumental in obtaining Sole or Principal Source Aquifer designation as provided for in the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974.

This designation protects the aquifer from potential contamination by mandating that the EPA review any federal projects that would compromise the aquifer.

The Asotin County PUD is the contract operator of the City's water system providing operation, maintenance and emergency services.

## WHO REGULATES WATER QUALITY?

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include lakes. streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and radioactive material and can pick up substances from the presence of animals or from human activity.

To ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) prescribes

limits on the amount of certain substances in water provided by public water systems. U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for substances in bottled water.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline.

(1-800-426-4791)

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons—such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with

HIV/AIDS other or immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants— can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA and/or Center for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:	Possible source
Microbial contaminants such as viruses and bacteria	Sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife
Inorganic contaminants such as salts and metals	Naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming
Pesticides and herbicides	A variety of sources such as agriculture, storm water runoff, and residential uses
Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organics	By-products of industrial processes and petroleum production; can be from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, septic systems
Radioactive contaminants	Naturally occurring or the result of oil and gas production and mining activities

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#### Listed in the tables below are the results of water quality testing of the City drinking water supply.

#### **Definitions of Terms Used:**

EPA Allowable Limit or Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of contaminant allowed in drinking water.

EPA Ideal Goal or Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected health risk.

Levels in CITY Water: The highest level of substance detected in the City water supply. ND = No Detection of Substance.

Year Tested: Indicates the most recent year that a substance was tested. The state requires certain contaminants to be monitored less than once per year because concentrations do not vary significantly from year to year. Testing occurs between Jan. 1 and Dec. 31st.

Source: The common source of the substance or contaminant detected.

Complies?: A "Yes" indicates that the range detected is within EPA allowable limits. A "No" would require an Action Level (AL), the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements a water system must follow.

Parts Per Million (ppm): These units describe the levels of detected contaminants. (equal to one dollar in \$1,000,000).

Parts Per Billion (ppb): These units describe the levels of detected contaminants. (equal to one dollar in \$1,000,000,000)

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L): This is a measure of radiation for radionuclide testing.

#### Substances detected were safely below the EPA allowable limits

Inorganic Substance	EPA Allowable Limit (MCL)	EPA Ideal Goal (MCLG)	Levels in CITY Water	Year Tested	Source	Complies?
Nitrate (ppm)	10.0	10.0	.251	2024	Erosion of natural & man-made deposits	Yes
Fluoride (ppm)	4.0	4.0	.253	2019	Erosion of natural deposits	Yes
Arsenic (ppb)	10.0	0	2.07	2019	Erosion of natural deposits	Yes
Radium (pCi/L)	5.0	0	.317	2022	Decay of natural & man-made deposits	Yes
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	15.0	0	.723	2022	Erosion of natural deposits	Yes
	EPA Allowable Limit (MCL)	EPA Ideal Goal (MCLG)	Levels in CITY Water	Year Tested	Source	Complies?
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHMs) (ppb) *	80.0	0	1.57	2024	By-product of chlorination	Yes
Haloacetic Acids (HAA) (ppb) *	60.0	0	ND	2024	By-product of chlorination	Yes
Chlorine Residual (ppm)	4.0	4.0	.40	Range <u>Detected</u> .3—.5	Measure of disinfectant added to water	Yes
Lead and Copper	EPA Allowable Limit (MCL) (AL)	EPA Ideal Goal (MCLG)	Homes Exceeding the AL	Year Tested	Source	Complies?
Lead (ppb)	15.0	0	None	2023	Corrosion of house- hold plumbing	Yes
Copper (ppm)	1.3	1.3	None	2023	Corrosion of house- hold plumbing	Yes

Lead in Drinking Water: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The City of Asotin is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for thirty seconds to two minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. (See table for test results)

#### CITY OF ASOTIN —ANNUAL WATER QUALITY REPORT for the YEAR 2024

#### CITIZEN PARTICIPATION ENCOURAGED

The CITY of ASOTIN welcomes your views and encourages your participation in the decision-making process. The City Council meets at 5:30 pm on the second and fourth Monday of each month at City Hall located at 121 Cleveland Street, Asotin, WA.

You can visit the City of Asotin on the web at: www.cityofasotin.org

We would be happy to answer any questions you may have regarding this WATER QUALITY REPORT Call us at 509-243-4411. City Council Members
Dwayne Paris, Mayor
Lori Loseth, Mayor Pro Tem
Steve Cowdrey
Dave Weakland
Tim Ottmar
Craig Stein

City Office Staff
Tina Davidson, Clerk
Dessa Myrick Deputy Clerk
Phone: 243-4411
Open Monday through Friday
9:00 AM to 5:00 PM

Call **509-758-1010** for evening, weekend and holiday water emergencies

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